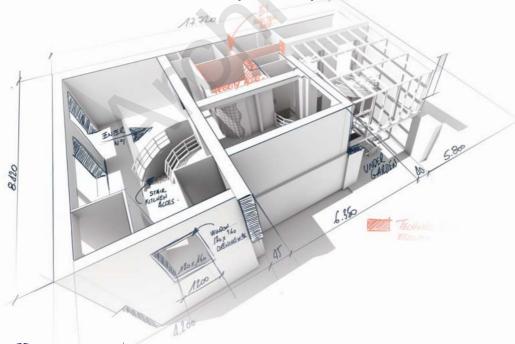


### A Guide to...



# Home Renovation Incentive (HRI)





# 1

#### **About this guide**

This guide will tell you what you need to know if you are organising to have construction work done on your house and would like to avail of the tax credit provided in Budget 2014. Complete with useful examples showing the cost benefit this scheme will have on a typical renovation.



# The Home Renovation Incentive and why it was introduced.

In Budget 2014, Minister for Finance Michael Noonan introduced the Home Renovation Incentive (HRI).

The scheme is effective from 25 October 2013 and will expire on the 31 December 2015.

The Home Renovation Incentive (HRI) provides a tax credit for homeowners on repairs, improvements and renovations carried out on their principal private

residence. One of the main reasons this new incentive was introduced was to reduce the competitive advantage that non - tax compliant building contractors have over tax compliant ones.

Other benefits of procuring the services of a registered building contractor reduce the risks regarding health and safety. Information regarding recent health and safety regulations can be found at the end of this guide.

It is widely accepted that hiring the non- tax compliant contractors increases the risks regarding health and safety. Homeowners must also be aware that from 1st August 2013, health and safety regulations were introduced which will see additional obligations imposed on the homeowner.

#### How the new incentive works



The Home Renovation Incentive will provide an income tax credit on the VAT paid by homeowners carrying out work on their home in the subsequent two years.

The credit will be calculated at 13.5pc on qualifying expenditure between €4,405 and €30,000. Where the cost of the work exceeds €30,000 (exclusive of VAT), a maximum credit of €4,050 will apply.

The scheme will support fully tax-compliant builders as the spending and relief will have to be registered with the Revenue Commissioners.



Please note that homeowners can only claim the relief under the Home Renovation Incentive if their Local Property Tax (LPT) and Household Charge obligations are up to date.

#### **Qualifying expenditure**

- Windows
- Extensions
- Attic conversions
- Plumbing
- Tiling
- Supply & fitting of kitchens
- Plastering
- Garages
- Rewiring
- Insulation
- Landscaping

Items including furniture, white goods and carpets are NOT included in the HRI.



#### **Examples of the savings from the Home Renovation Incentive**

Please note: All Costs are indicative only. Full costs are available by contacting your local Chartered Quantity Surveyor. Visit the SCSI 'Find a Surveyor' Search on www.scsi.ie

Case Study 1 – Extension to 3 bed semi-detached home built in 2000			
A Item		Total	
		€	
Demolition works		€3,000	
Excavation, foundations,	rising walls, hardcore, radon	€4,200	
barrier, insulation, reinford	cement, concrete slab		
External blockwork walls,	rendered, insulated	€3,600	
Internal walls		€1,300	
Windows and doors		€2,900	
Heating and plumbing and	d electrical installation modification	€4,800	
Floor finishes (tiling)		€2,600	
New timber roof, roof finis	sh and insulation	€4,300	
New kitchen and appliand	ces	€6,000	
New plastered ceilings ar	nd walls	€4,800	
Painting and Decoration (	Internal and External full house)	€8,000	
External works (paved pa	ths, drainage alterations, topsoil)	€2,500	
Total Refurbishment Cost	s - excluding VAT	€48,000	



Case Study 1 – Extension to 3 bed semi-detached home built in 2000 (continued)				
В	HRI Calculation - Case Study 1	Total €		
	Total Refurbishment Costs - excluding VAT	€48,000		
	Less Costs not applicable under HRI scheme:-			
	New kitchen appliances	(€1,500)		
	Total Allowable Costs under HRI Scheme- excluding VAT	€46,500		
	HRI Scheme maximum tax credit (€30,000 x 13.5%)	€4,050		
С	Total Cost of Refurbishment by Homeowner			
	Total Cost of Refurbishment (including ineligible costs)	€48,000		
	Less Tax Credit under HRI Scheme (€30,000 x 13.5%)	(€4,050)		
	Net Total Cost to Homeowner after HRI Credit is applied	€43,950		





Case Study 2 - Refurbishment of an existing four bedroom semi-detached residential property built circa 1950's.

A	Item	Total €
	Removal of existing windows and doors and replacement with new	€11,200
	Removal of existing attic insulation and replacement	€2,100
	Replacement floor finishes (timber floors and tiling)	€10,800
	Rewiring existing house	€8,450
	Replacement of plumbing and heating system	€10,500
	Re-roofing existing house	€12,350
	New kitchen and appliances	€6,000
	Painting and Decoration (Internal and External)	€8,000
	Total Refurbishment Costs - excluding VAT	€69,400
В	HRI Calculation - Case Study 2	
	Total Refurbishment Costs - excluding VAT	€69,400
	Less Costs not applicable under HRI scheme:-	
	New kitchen appliances	(€1,500)
	Total Allowable Costs under HRI Scheme- excluding VAT	€67,900
	HRI Scheme maximum tax credit (€30,000 x 13.5%)	€4,050
С	Total Cost of Refurbishment by Home Owner	
	Total Cost of Refurbishment	€69,400
	Less Tax Credit under HRI Scheme (€30,000 x 13.5%)	(€4,050)
	Total Cost to Home Owner	€65,350

Case study 3 - Insulation upgrade to existing three bedroom terraced residentia	ı
property built circa 1980's.	

A	Item	Total €
	Re-Insulating attic space and pumping existing cavity wall	€4,800
	Painting and decoration (internal and external)	€3,900
	Total cost of insulation upgrade - excluding VAT	€8,700
В	HRI Calculation - Case Study 3	
	Total Refurbishment Costs - excluding VAT	€8,700
	Less Tax Credit under HRI Scheme (€8,700 x 13.5%)	(€1,175)
	Net Total Cost to Home Owner after HRI Credit is applied	€7,525
	Please note that the minimum expenditure to qualify for the relief is €4,405 (excluding VAT)	
	The tax credit is payable over a 2 year period after the end of the year in which the works are carried and paid for. All properties must be the Principle Private Residence with an up-to-date Local Property Tax payment made.	

#### Before agreeing the works contract

You should request a copy of the building contractor/ tradespersons "Relevant Contracts Tax" (RCT or Tax Clearance Certificate (ensure that the certificates are in date) and retain copies of these for proof that contractor qualifies. The Revenue Commissioners have useful guidance relating to the qualifying criteria and application process and this can be accessed at www.revenue.ie/en/tax/it/reliefs/hri

#### **HRI Calculator**

The SCSI has produced a HRI Calculator which is a useful tool in estimating the HRI Scheme Tax Credit due.

This calculator is available on www.scsi.ie





# Steps involved in a Home Renovation Project

A renovation or extension can offer much-needed extra space or an upgrade to living conditions in the house. However, it can also be a significant financial investment for most people and it is important to ensure the project is properly planned, managed and implemented to avoid unnecessary costs and difficulties later on.



### Step 1 – Planning your ideal home

The first step is to draw up your wish list, and list your requirements in order of priority.

Next, set a realistic budget on what you want or have to spend. They may not match — and you may have to reduce or adjust the wish list — but it is the best starting point.

Decide what you want from the project. You should identify and list your requirements, prioritise them and note how much you have to spend.

#### Step 2 - Design and Budgeting

Next you need to obtain the services of design and/or Building Surveyor professionals as they will make the most of the space you have. Once a design scheme is agreed upon, this is the best time to involve a Chartered Quantity Surveyor to put real costs on the renovation and/or extension. This should all be done before you submit the project for planning permission (if required). If the proposed project comes in over your budget, this is the time the Quantity Surveyor will bring a lot of value by suggesting areas of possible savings/reductions.

There are two main ways in which a Quantity Surveyor can assist you at this stage. If the design is at the initial concept stage with floor plans only, the Quantity Surveyor can apply rates from similar projects to the areas being refurbished and/or extended to give you an indication of cost for the project. The overall building cost can be adjusted by the Quantity Surveyor as much as possible to reflect the actual design and client requirements.

If more detailed information is available, i.e. plans and elevations, a more detailed cost plan can be done by the Quantity Surveyor. This document may be slightly more expensive to prepare but would provide the client/homeowner with the tools of knowing the costs associated with the build when the project is being tendered to registered building contractors. This is the only real way of giving you the full information you need to control costs.

Next you need to obtain the services of design professionals such as an Architect or Building Surveyor. They will make the most of the space you have and will advise on whether planning permission is required (generally minor changes, rear extensions under 40m2/430 sq ft are exempt). They will also advise on the design and once this has been agreed a Quantity Surveyor will then put real costs on the repoyation and/or extension.

Your Chartered Quantity Surveyor will also organise a list of suitable builders, tender the works, manage costs and guide same through to completion. In terms of choosing a builder, it is often a good idea to take a look at other projects they have completed if possible. Your decision on which builder to appoint should not be based solely on the lowest price but rather quality of previous work and reputation.

In terms of costs, it really depends on how far you want to go with the renovation and extension to the property. Many people undertaking projects also decide to upgrade other parts of their property which would include adding insulation to the floors, attic and external walls, re-wiring, upgrading the heating and plumbing system, new doors, joinery, kitchen, sanitary ware, decoration and external patios.

#### **Step 3 - Agreeing a Building Programme**

An overall budget needs to be determined, together with a breakdown of the budget into the various cost elements. The budget should include build costs, utility costs, fees, charges and levies. Include a contingency sum in your calculations. The cost for renovation works can vary in the order of €60 to €95 per square foot depending on the requirements and specifications. A single storey ground level

extension could vary in cost between €140 to €200 per square foot, depending on varying items such as architectural design features, the extent of glass, heights of walls, overhangs, quality of kitchen units, bathrooms etc.

To give an example, refurbishment and extension of a typical detached 3 bedroom house, of 1,100 sq ft, built in the 1970s, with roof, walls and structure in good condition, which requires an upgrade with a small extension could cost in the region of €90-€130.000.

Remember that if you extend your house your insurance reinstatement value will increase and should be adjusted upon handover. The SCSI has a useful online 'Rebuild Calculator' which can assist you- this is available on www.scsi.ie

Also note that if it is a highly-serviced extension, ie. a kitchen or bathroom extension, they can cost more than a living room, as you would have higher plumbing and fittings costs which would increase your rate per square foot. A typical architectural-designed medium level extension, with standard kitchen, say 40m2, would be around the €65,000/€70,000 level.

Our advice would be to try and prioritise your spend.



#### Step 4 - Appointing a Building Contractor



You should do your research when appointing a contractor.

You should ask to see the building contractor's up to date (within the last 30 days) Notification of Determination of RCT Rate showing zero or 20% RCT Rate which means they are tax compliant.

If the building contractor is not tax compliant, they are not eligible to operate under the incentive and any work carried out by them will not qualify under the incentive.

#### How to apply for the Home Renovation Incentive

The HRI is administered by the Revenue Commissioners. The Revenue Commissioners have produced some useful guidance on their website for the homeowner and the building contractor.

This can be viewed at the following link; http://www.revenue.ie/en/tax/it/reliefs/hri/index.html

It should be noted that homeowners must pay for the full cost of the work and that the tax credit is payable over the two years following the year in which the work is carried out and paid for.

In order for the building work to qualify for this incentive, the work must be carried out and paid for on or after 25th October 2013 and up to 31st December 2015.

Homeowners must ensure that the building contractor is tax compliant. In order to ensure this, the homeowner needs to do the following;

- You need to see and keep a record of the building contractor's up to date (within the last 30 days) Notification of Determination of RCT Rate showing zero or 20% RCT Rate which means they are tax compliant.
- When you have the building contractor secured and work is progressing, you can
  view the Revenue Commissioners' website to check that all the payments
  received by the building contractor from you are entered onto their system.

#### Claiming the HRI tax credit and SEAI Grants

You cannot claim a tax a tax credit under the incentive as well as claiming and receiving an SEAI Grant or an Insurance settlement. Any grant paid or insurance settlement will be excluded from "qualifying expenditure". Qualifying expenditure will be reduced by three times the amount of the grant payment or the full amount of the insurance payment. For example the total HRI scheme maximum qualifying expenditure as a result of receiving an SEAI grant or insurance payment would be €22,320, based on expenditure of €30,000 and calculated as follows:-

Total maximum expenditure under HRI scheme €30,000 Less SEAI grant received (€2,560 x 3)= (€7,680) Total Maximum qualifying expenditure under HRI scheme is (€30,000-€7,680)= €22,320

#### Other useful information

Home Renovation Incentive general information and FAQ's http://www.revenue.ie/en/tax/it/reliefs/hri/index.html

#### Health and Safety Regulations of interest to homeowners

The Health and Safety Authority (HAS) has produced a useful guide for homeowners in relation to new regulations. The guide can be downloaded at http://www.hsa.ie/eng/Publications\_and\_Forms/Publications/Construction/homeowners\_guidance.pdf

#### Health and Safety Regulations - What do you have to do?

By law, you have to:

- 1. Determine the competency of people doing paid construction work for you,
- 2. appoint project supervisors if required,
- 3. keep the safety file for the work as appropriate, and
- 4. let the Health and Safety Authority know if your project is going to take longer than 30 days or more than 500 person days ('person days' mean the number of days the work takes multiplied by the number of people doing the work).

#### **Building Standards**

The Department of the Environment Community and Local Government has useful information on their website detailing the current building regulations with Technical Guidance Documents

http://www.environ.ie/en/DevelopmentHousing/BuildingStandards/

## Professionals who can assist with your Home Renovation Project:

#### **Chartered Quantity Surveyor:**



The Chartered Quantity Surveyor (QS) will assist with the budgeting and costing of the project. The Quantity Surveyor will assist from the outset in terms of identifying the costs associated with the project, will manage the budget through the project and ensure that there are no over-runs by contractors.

#### **Chartered Building Surveyor:**



The Chartered Building Surveyor will assist in the design and layout of the project. They will provide you with professional advice in relation to planning, design and also adherence to building regulations.

#### **Chartered Project Manager**



The Chartered Project Manager (PM) will most likely also be a Quantity Surveyor or Building Surveyor and will manage the project on your behalf from start to finish.

For further information and to use the 'Find a Surveyor' Search Tool, visit the Society of Chartered Surveyors Ireland (SCSI) website at www.scsi.ie



Dating back to 1895, the Society of Chartered Surveyors Ireland is the independent professional body for Chartered Surveyors working and practicing in Ireland.

Working in partnership with RICS, the pre-eminent Chartered professional body for the construction, land and property sectors around the world, the Society and RICS act in the public interest: setting and maintaining the highest standards of competence and integrity among the profession; and providing impartial, authoritative advice on key issues for business, society and governments worldwide.

Advancing standards in construction, land and property, the Chartered Surveyor professional qualification is the world's leading qualification when it comes to professional standards. In a world where more and more people, governments, banks and commercial organisations demand greater certainty of professional standards and ethics, attaining the Chartered Surveyor qualification is the recognised mark of property professionalism.

Members of the profession are typically employed in the construction, land and property markets through private practice, in central and local government, in state agencies, in academic institutions, in business organisations and in non-governmental organisations.

Members' services are diverse and can include offering strategic advice on the economics, valuation, law, technology, finance and management in all aspects of the construction, land and property industry.

All aspects of the profession, from education through to qualification and the continuing maintenance of the highest professional standards are regulated and overseen through the partnership of the Society of Chartered Surveyors Ireland and RICS, in the public interest.

This valuable partnership with RICS enables access to a worldwide network of research, experience and advice. Society of Chartered Surveyors Ireland 38 Merrion Square, Dublin 2, Ireland Tel: + 353 (0)1 644 5500 Email: info@scsi.ie

www.scsi.ie